

Department of the Army, DoD

§ 634.24

(2) Name of the installation will be specified on a separate tab abutting the decal. Each Service or DLA may choose optional color codes of the registrant. Army installations having vehicle registration programs will use the following standard color scheme for the installation tab:

- (i) Blue-officers.
- (ii) Red-enlisted.
- (iii) Green-DA civilian employees (including NAF employees).
- (iv) Black-Contractor personnel and other civilians employed on the installation.

(3) An expiration tab identifying the month and year ("6-97") or simply the year ("97") will be abutted to the decal. For identification purposes, the date of expiration will be shown in bold block numbers on a lighter contrasting background such as traffic yellow, lime, or orange.

(4) The decal, installation tab, and expiration tab will be theft resistant when applied to glass, metal, painted, or rubberized surfaces after full adhesion had developed and will be manufactured to "tear" or "self destruct" when any attempt to remove it is made with a sharp instrument or chemical.

(5) On Army installations, a single decal with tabs will be prominently affixed to the front windshield or bumper of registered vehicles. Local policy will specify the exact placement. Some States prohibit or restrict placement of decals on windshields. In such cases, State law will be complied with.

§ 634.22 Termination or denial of registration.

Installation commanders or their designated representatives will terminate POV registration or deny initial registration under the following conditions (decal and tabs will be removed from the vehicle when registration is terminated):

- (a) The owner fails to comply with the registration requirements. (See § 634.20)
- (b) The owner sells or disposes of the POV, is released from active duty, is separated from the Service, is transferred to a new duty station, or terminates civilian employment with a military Service or DOD agency.

(c) The owner is other than an active duty military or civilian employee and discontinues regular operation of the POV on the installation.

(d) The owner's State, overseas command, or host nation driver's license has been suspended or revoked, or the installation driving privilege has been revoked. Where vehicle registration is terminated in conjunction with the revocation of installation driving privileges, the affected person must apply to re-register the POV after the revocation expires. Registration should not be terminated if other family members having installation driving privileges require use of the vehicle.

§ 634.23 Specified consent to impoundment.

Personnel registering POVs on Service or DLA installations must consent to the impoundment policy. POV registration forms will contain or have appended to them a certificate with the following statement:

I am aware that (insert number and title of separate Service or DLA directive) and the installation traffic code provide for the removal and temporary impoundment of privately owned motor vehicles that are either parked illegally for unreasonable periods, interfering with military operations, creating a safety hazard, disabled by incident, left unattended in a restricted or controlled area, or abandoned. I agree to reimburse the United States for the cost of towing and storage should my motor vehicle(s), because of such circumstances, be removed and impounded.

Subpart D—Traffic Supervision

SECTION I—TRAFFIC PLANNING AND CODES

§ 634.24 Traffic planning.

(a) Safe and efficient movement of traffic on an installation requires traffic supervision. A traffic supervision program includes traffic circulation planning, supervision, and control of motor vehicle traffic; publication and enforcement of traffic laws and regulations; and investigation of motor vehicle accidents.

(b) Installation commanders will develop traffic circulation plans that provide for the safest and most efficient use of primary and secondary roads.

Circulation planning should be a major part of all long-range master planning at installations. The traffic circulation plan is developed by the installation law enforcement officer, engineer, safety officer, and other concerned staff agencies. Highway engineering representatives from adjacent civil communities must be consulted to ensure the installation plan is compatible with the current and future circulation plan of the community. The plan should include the following:

- (1) Normal and peak load routing based on traffic control studies.
 - (2) Effective control of traffic using planned direction, including measures for special events and adverse road or weather conditions.
 - (3) Point control at congested locations by law enforcement personnel or designated traffic directors or wardens, including trained school-crossing guards.
 - (4) Use of traffic control signs and devices.
 - (5) Efficient use of available parking facilities.
 - (6) Efficient use of mass transportation.
- (c) Traffic control studies will provide factual data on existing roads, traffic density and flow patterns, and points of congestion. The installation law enforcement officer and traffic engineer usually conduct coordinated traffic control studies to obtain the data. Accurate data will help determine major and minor routes, location of traffic control devices, and conditions requiring engineering or enforcement services.
- (d) The Military Traffic Management Command Transportation Engineering Agency (MTMCTEA) will help installation commanders solve complex highway traffic engineering problems. MTMCTEA traffic engineering services include—

- (1) Traffic studies of limited areas and situations.
- (2) Complete studies of traffic operations of entire installations. (This can include long-range planning for future development of installation roads, public highways, and related facilities.)
- (3) Assistance in complying with established traffic engineering standards.

(e) Installation commanders should submit requests for traffic engineering services in accordance with AR 55-80/OPNAVINST 11210.1B/AFR 75-88/MCO 11210.2C/DLAR 4500.19.

§ 634.25 Installation traffic codes.

(a) Installation or activity commanders will establish a traffic code for operation of motor vehicles on the installation. Commanders in overseas areas will establish a traffic code, under provisions of this regulation, to the extent military authority is empowered to regulate traffic on the installation under the applicable SOFA. Traffic codes will contain the rules of the road (parking violations, towing instructions, safety equipment, and other key provisions). These codes will, where possible, conform to the code of the State or host nation in which the installation is located. In addition, the development and publication of installation traffic codes will be based on the following:

- (1) Highway Safety Program Standards (23 CFR part 1230).
 - (2) Applicable portions of the Uniform Vehicle Code and Model Traffic Ordinance published by the National Committee on Uniform Traffic Laws and Ordinances (23 CFR part 1204).
- (b) The installation traffic code will contain policy and procedures for the towing, searching, impounding, and inventorying of POVs. These provisions should be well publicized and contain the following:
- (1) Specific violations and conditions under which the POV will be impounded and towed.
 - (2) Procedures to immediately notify the vehicle owner.
 - (3) Procedures for towing and storing impounded vehicles.
 - (4) Actions to dispose of the vehicle after lawful impoundment.

(c) Installation traffic codes will also contain the provisions discussed below. (Army users, see AR 385-55.)

(1) Motorcycles and mopeds. For motorcycles and other self-propelled, open, two-wheel, three-wheel, and four-wheel vehicles powered by a motorcycle-type engine, the following traffic rules apply:

- (i) Headlights will be on at all times when in operation.